Cyj-12-12

Biology (New Scheme)

(INTER PART-II) 418 - (I)

Time: 20 Minutes

OBJECTIVE

Code: 8461

Note: You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct

Paper II

328-(I)-418-22000

Marks: 17

	circ	that circle in front of that of les will result in zero man er and leave others blank.	rk in t	on number. Use mark hat question. Attem	cer or pt as	pen to fill the circles. many questions as given	Cutting ven in	g or filling two or men, objective type quest or
1.		Sunkens stomata are found in which of the following group of plants?						
		(A) hydrophytes		xerophytes) mesophytes	iD	bryophytes
	2.	The fever causing cher		100 He				
		(A) pathogens		poisons) pyrogens	\rightarrow (D)	pyrexia
	3.	The diameter of skelet:	al mus	scle fibres is	5910.000	The second secon		
		(A) $10 - 80 \mu m$	(B)	$10 - 100 \ \mu m$	(C)	10 – 120 μm	(1))	10 - 135 jun
	4.	The synovial joint is surrounded by a layer of connective tissue called						
		(A) fibrous capsule		hyaline cartilage		annulus fibrosus	(D)	hematoma
	5.	In Honey bees male / d	Irones	are haploid and pro	duce	sperms by		
		(A) oosphere		ecesis		mitosis	(D)	meiosis
	6.	The inner soft wall of the human uterus is called						
		(A) ectometrium	(B)	exome trium	(C)	endometrium	(D)	myometrium
	7.	The division of whole	cell is	called	155 555		1.	
		(A) karyokinesis	(B)	cytokinesis	(C)	interphase	(\mathbf{D})	kinetochore
	8.	The pairing of homologous chromosomes is completed in						
		(A) leptotene	(B)	zygotene	(C)	pachytene	(D)	diplotene
	9.	Which animal has diffused nervous system?						
		(A) octupus	(B)	earthworm	(C)	planaria	(\mathbf{D})	jelly fish
	10	A plant has a growth pattern called						
		(A) open growth	(B)	growing point	(C)	meristem	(D)	apical
	11.	Highly condensed portions of the chromatin are called						
		(A) euchromatin	(B)	hetero chromatin	(C)	supercoils	(D)	centromeres
	12.	The position of a gene on the chromosome is called						
		(A) allele	(B)	synapse	(C)	locus	(D)	linkage
	13.	How many base pairs are found in the human genome?						
		(A) three billion	(B)	five billion	(C)	thirty billion	(D)	forty trillion
	14.	Which respiratory protein is found in all aerobic species?						
		(A) glial cell line	(B)	cytechrome	(C)	serine	(D)	cysteine
	15.	Energy from sun flows	throu	gh an ecosystem in	the fe	orm of		
		(A) light	(B)	radiant heat	(C)	temperature	(D)	evaporation
	16.	The producers in limnetic zone are						
		(A) amoebae	(B)	cyanobacteria	(C)	hydrilla	(D)	crustaceans
	17.	The colour of the pure form of ozone (O ₃) is						
		(A) whitish	(B)	yellowish	(C)	bluish	(D)	gr c enish

Cuj-12-18

Biology (New Scheme) (INTER PART-II) 418 Paper II Time: 2:40 Hours **SUBJECTIVE** Marks: 68 Note: Section I is compulsory. Attempt any three (3) questions from Section II. (SECTION - I) 2. Write short answers to any EIGHT questions. (2 x 8 = 16) Differentiate between hypotonic and hypertonic environments. i. ii. Discuss the process of osmoregulation in mesophytes iii. Differentiate between shivering thermogenesis and non-shivering thermogenesis. Elaborate locomotion in star fish. iv. Differentiate between plantigrade and digitigrade mammals. V. vi. How locomotion takes place in jelly fish? What is diplohaplontic life cycle? Give its types. vii. viii. Define parthenocarpy? Give two examples. Enlist ecosystems in Pakistan. ix. What is human impact on tundra ecosystem? X. Why forests are called environmental buffers? xi. Write a note on forest and climate. xii. 3. Write short answers to any EIGHT questions. Name the four types of learning behaviour. į, Give any two characteristics of hormones. ii. iii. What is neuroglia? Give its role. What is haemophilia? Give its different types. iv. Differentiate between autosomes and sex chromosomes. V. vi. Define Mendel's law of segregation. vii. What are palindromic segregation? viii. What are restriction enzymes? ix. Name any four animals declared extinct in Pakistan. Differentiate between nitrification and denitrification. X. xi. Distinguish between hydrosere and xerosere. Define food chain and food web. xii. 4. Write short answers to any SIX questions. (2 x 6 - 12 Differentiate between area opaca and area pellucida. . ii. What are neoblasts? Give their role. iii. Define phenylketonuria. Enlist non-sense codon. Give their function. iv. What is phosphodiester bond? ٧. vi. Define cell cycle. Define non-disjunction of chromosomes. vii. viii. What is endosymbiont hypothesis? Give example. Name any four factors affecting gene frequency. ix. (SECTION - II) Describe the mechanism of thermoregulation in mammals. 5. (a) (b) Describe the components of ecosystem. 6. (a) Describe locomotion in air. (b) Discuss the experiment of Frederick Griffith (Transformation). (a) Compare the nervous system of planaria with hydra. (b) Write a note on greenhouse effect. Discuss the human female reproductive cycle. (a) (b) Write a note on incomplete dominance. (a) Describe embryonic induction.

Describe comparative embryology and fossil record as an evidence of evolution.